Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Nulla emerge adiquet purus, egel elementum nisì auctor vitas. Vivamus massa dolor. Curabibur elementum liboro quis neque congue semper ut telus. Curabitur ou ette liboro quis neque congue semper ut telus. Curabitur ou ette i stistique, fementum acu non, egestas. Flusce non diam quis nisi omare pouere. Phaseitus as scelerisque, at fringilla leo. Vivamus condimentum felis eget nisì aliquam, teste elementum lacus egestas. Etam in nunc non iliqual ornare dimentum. Morbi ulfrices, forem a tincidunt maximus, lorem ex enatis cidio, quis egestas cri ex et Igsum. Anenam rhoncus, ipsum antet viverra sagittis, arcu purus sodales justo, dapibus impordet um mit, molestie non ligula vitae, ullamcorper hendrent orci.

Donec dignissim vulputate enim ut consequat. Sed id ex a quam vida hendrerit. Praesent efficifur commodo pharetra. Duis lucti pups termentum. Aliquam viverra leugita porta. Aneana eget nulla us ornare porta sed vitae nibh. Aenean libero ligula, vene vida suscipit blandit, suscipit at mi. Aenean et lacinia die tifacilisis risus. Mauris dapibus efficitur lacus eget euismn

Quisque thorcus enim sil amet justo gravida. Its. Ouisque untrum sem eget tellus condir bus forem vel elit elementum, at pellen'i lam nunc pruns, imperdiet sit amet tempre vulputate odlor, iacutis lacinia neco estre lectus commodo, feugliat dapir indrent uttrices. Vestibulur us vel nisil ruttum rho et felis (spum. Nulle - guam pulv.

Etiam portitor sapien ut ullamcorper lacinia. Nullam elit metus, blandri vitas sem quis, evetatulum curusu nith. Fusco ullamcorper erat nec e dictum, a cursus nuro mollis. Cras dictum tristique tempor. Prc. turpis, triocitum ut urma di, ultriceis fringilla tellus. Phas solicitudin mi, a maximus orai commodo ut. Fusco egestas, a maximus nisi pulvinar. Ut solicitudi egestas. Fusce facilisis dolor ac ullamcor raleaus. Suspendisse consectetur egesta accumsan sit amet. In et malesuada tell

Mauris vel erat at to Donec venenation of Nullam retincides



a guide

for teachers & student leaders

WELCOME!

Hi! We're so glad you're here!

We're part of GLSEN's National Student

Council and we made this resource for

teachers or student leaders who want to know

more about LGBTQ+ spaces like GSAs (genders

& sexualities alliances). We made this for

ANYONE interested!

Tips for using this guide:

It's LONG but don't let it scare you! We've got a table of contents on the next page.

Added resources will be linked if more information is needed.

This is NOT "what you need to do." This guide is full of helpful tips that may or may not apply to your school (and that's

Thank you for being here! We hope you learn something new!

okay). Use what you need!

Happy reading <3

- Gray N, HI, '25



CONTENTS

Gender & Sexuality Dictionary	4 - 9
Pride Flag Library	10 - 11
Pronoun Cheat Sheet	12
Safe & Inclusive Spaces	13
Tips for a Disability Friendly	14
Environment	
Everything You Need to Know About	15 - 16
GSAs	
• What is a GSA	
• How to Start a GSA	
Things to do in a GSA	17 - 21
• Educational Activities &	
Guides	
• Fun Events	
• Outreach & GSA Activism	
Final Notes	22 - 23

Everything in pink
ink at the bottom of
each page is a song
written and/or
performed by or with
an LGBTQ+ artist!
Some may surprise
you.

GENDER & SEXUALITY DICTIONARY

get all the up-to-date terminology right!

AFAB - Assigned Female at Birth. a term some transgender people use to describe themselves (but not everyone feels comfortable with it)

agender - l.no gender identity. 2.is it's own gender identity. is under the non-binary umbrella

allosexism - the system of exclusion and/or discrimination against asexual people and is based in the idea that everyone experiences sexual attraction

ally - a person who supports the LGBTQ+ community

AMAB - Assigned Male At Birth, a term some transgender people use chest by wrapping or

to describe themselves (but not everyone feels comfortable with it)

androgyne - a person who is masculine and feminine or in between masculine and feminine (an androgynous person)

aromantic - a romantic orientation referring to not feeling romantic attraction. "aro" for short

asexual - a broad term referring to the different degrees of sexual desire. "ace" for short

bigender - having two genders and being masculine and feminine

binding - flattening the

wearing a compression garment

biphobia - hatred or fear of those who are attracted to two or more genders (expressed as stereotyping,

bisexual - someone who
is sexually,
emotionally, or
romantically attracted
to the same and other
genders. "bi" for short

cisgender - someone
whose gender identity
and gender role matches
their sex assigned at
birth.

"cis" for short meaning the same side of

cisnormativity - the assumption that gender is binary and people should align with the societal gender norms

coming out - voluntarily sharing your own sexual orientation or gender identity with other people cross dresser - an
outdated term for a
person who dresses like
the other sex

deadname - the name that a transgender or nonbinary person does not use anymore. typically the name assigned at birth

demisexual - sexuality in which someone only feels sexual attraction to people they have an emotional bond

enby - slang term for
non-binary

FTM - Female To Male. refers to someone who was assigned female at birth and gender identity is masculine

gay - a man who is
emotionally,
romantically, or
sexually attracted to
men

gender - social
construct and way of

identifying a person
(not sex assigned at
birth)

gender affirming actions, language,
medical care that
supports someone's
gender identity

gender dysphoria - a
person's discomfort or
distress due to their
gender identity and sex
assigned at birth not
matching

gender euphoria - joy experienced when a person's gender is affirmed by any means

gender expression - how one shows their gender via clothes, behaviors, and body

genderfluid - non-fixed gender identity that may shift overtime

gender identity - a feeling of your own identity that might or might not correspond with sex and gender assigned at birth

genderism - the systematic belief that people need to conform to their sex assigned at birth in a gender binary system

gender neutral anything that is not
gendered

gender non conforming descriptor for people
who do not comply with
society's expectation of
gender expression

genderqueer - a gender
that does not conform to
any binary

heteronormativity - the assumption that everyone is straight and that heterosexuality is the norm

heterosexism - the belief that everyone should be straight or heterosexual heterosexual - a person who is emotionally, romantically, or sexually attracted to a different gender

homophobia - hatred or fear of those who are attracted to the same gender (expressed as stereotyping, discrimination, harassment, and/or violence)

homosexual - a person who is emotionally, romantically, or sexually attracted to people of the same gender. an outdated term.

intersectionality describes the multiple
identities and systems
of oppression collide in
a person with many
identities

intersex - describes a
range of people whose
bodies don't align into
male and female.
includes varied

chromosome compositions, hormones, and sex characteristics

lesbian - a woman who is
emotionally,
romantically, or
sexually attracted to
women

lived name - the name that a person uses that is different from their legal name

misgendering - referring to someone with the incorrect gender (does not align with how they identify) by using the wrong pronouns, gendered language, or assigning a gender to a person without knowing how they identify

neurodiversity - the
variations of how human
minds think

neurodivergent - having a brain that functions differently than the masses including autism, dyslexia, epilepsy & more

neurotypical - having a brain that functions like the masses (the norm)

neutrois - gender identity that falls under genderqueer or transgender. commonly identified as neutralgender, null-gender, genderless, or agender

non binary - l.gender identity that encompasses the many different ways of gender expression. 2.someone who identifies outside of the gender binary. 3.umbrella term over genderfluid, genderqueer, etc

pansexual - someone who is emotionally, romantically, or sexually attracted to people of all sexes and genders

passing - the perception
of a trans person as

either a cisgender man or woman

polygender - presenting
characteristics of many
genders and ignoring the
binary concept of the
two genders

prenouns - a word that is used instead of a noun or noun phrase to refer to a noun that has already been mentioned

queer - slur that some have reclaimed to self identify as. umbrella term to describe the gender and sexual identities that don't align with the norms of society

questioning - someone who is still figuring out their sexual orientation and/or gender identity

sapphic - woman and
woman relationship in
reference to the Greek
poet Sappho

sexism - cultural, individual, or institutional beliefs that privilege men and devalue women

spectrum - range or
sliding scale

straight - a person who
is emotionally,
romantically, or
sexually attracted to
people of a different
gender

transgender - 1.umbrella term (trans for short). 2.a person whose internal feeling of their own gender is different from the gender norms that correlate to their sex assigned at birth

transition - the steps one takes to live as their gender identity. this can range from haircuts, hormones, surgery, etc.

transphobia - hatred or fear of those who are

perceived to break or blur stereotypical gender roles, expressed as stereotyping, discrimination, and/or violence

two spirit - umbrella term for gender and sexual identities within the Indigenous communities



PRIDE FLAG LIBRARY

what each flag represents and why!



attraction to women non-binary attraction attraction to men gender that not in the binary people who identify with many or all genders no gender asexuality between sexuality and asexuality

non-asexual partners community

> purple circle: wholeness yellow: not gendered

This is the progress pride flag which uses the iconic rainbow. Black and brown were added to represent people of color within the community. Pink, blue, and white were added to represent the transgender community.

No Matter What - Boyzone



PANSEXUAL NONBINARY

ASEXUAL

INTERSEX

PRONOUN CHEAT SHEET



your one-stop-shop for everything about pronouns!

mini grammar lesson #1: Everybody has pronouns! The word "everybody" is an indefinite pronoun but it's still a pronoun. They're everywhere and context matters!

Pronouns are words that are used to replace other nouns or proper nouns.

mini grammar lesson #2: subject object I Me You You She Her He Him They Them

Some pronouns correlate with genders and those are part of "gendered language." Other pronouns aren't attached to a specific gender and are considered "gender neutral."

mini grammar lesson #3:
although it may feel
weird to use "they" and
"them" singularly, you
actually do it
unconsciously all the
time and it's still
correct. Conscious
practice helps! Try to
find excerpts from books
and replace all "she" and
"he" with "they" and
"her" and "him" with
"them"

Some pronouns you might hear or see: she/her, he/him, they/them You use these for the people around you every single day! She/her is typically associated with women, he/him is typically associated with men, and they/them is gender neutral. But ALL of these pronouns are used by a range of people.

WHAT IF I DON'T KNOW SOMEONE'S PRONOUNS?

Ask! It's more rude to assume somebody's pronouns based on looks. Not everyone will use the pronouns that completely correlate with their gender expression

Use they/them! If you don't have a chance to ask, use gender neutral language like they/them pronouns. If you mess up, fix it and move on. Make your pronouns visible! In your email signature, social media profile, zoom name, etc. Introduce yourself with your pronouns to create a space for others to do the same.

SAFE & INCLUSIVE SPACES

how-to: create a safe space

Set up community agreements

These are sets of "rules" that everyone agrees upon. Some examples are Don't assume identity: Just because someone is in the GSA doesn't mean you should assume how they identify.

Assume positive intent: acknowledge that not

Assume positive intent:
acknowledge that not
everyone gets their
point across the way
they mean it.

E.L.M.O. (enough, let's move on): if the conversation goes somewhere that someone is uncomfortable with, they can shout ELMO and the conversation will move on.

Always set up new agreements with every new group and try to remind everyone every once in a while.

Set boundaries

Make it known that boundaries will be respected if they're shared. Not everyone feels comfortable sharing their boundaries so try to make this anonymous.

Respect differences

Not everyone will have the same beliefs but that's okay! Try to not undermine these beliefs.

Encourage feedback and new voices

Sometimes, certain people do all the talking and decision making. Try your best to make it known that all suggestions and commentary is encouraged!

TIPS FOR A DISABILITY FRIENDLY ENVIRONMENT

inclusion also means accessibility

Always bring water and snacks:

Drinking water is good for everyone. Snacks are also important for those who use more energy than the average person. It always helps to have free snacks available!

Turn down loud sound:

Turning down noise (talking, music, or otherwise) helps so people won't get overstimulated.

Use closed captions:

Deaf and hard-of-hearing (HoH) So turn on close captions, speak clearly while facing someone and get some paper for important notes. Look into requirements for ASL interpreters at events.

Mobility accessibility:

Make sure the space you meet in is wheelchair accessible per ADA guidelines to make sure everyone can participate.

Planning:

Concrete plans are best for everyone. Keep in mind all the previous tips!

Every disability is different and people will have different needs. Stay open to feedback and suggestions!



EVERYTHING YOU NEED TO KNOW ABOUT GSAS



what...what is a GSA?

Genders and Sexualities Alliances (GSAs) are student run safe spaces within a school or community for queer and allied students.

GSAs can exist in many different forms like a weekly club or an online site. Typically, inperson GSAs follow three different formations: social, support, and activist. But sometimes they don't (and that's okay).

Support GSAs could be spaces for members to discuss their struggles with identity or school life.

Social GSAs could look like other clubs that

are more focused providing a community and network for the members.

Activist GSAs would focus on making change within the school or community.

Your GSA could be a mix of all three! It all depends on the needs of your community. GSAs are important in showing LGBTQ+ students that they are welcome, accepted, and wanted at their schools, but GSAs are not exclusive to only LGBTQ+ students. They should be accessible to anyone willing to learn. Keeping GSAs inclusive makes it easier to build a web of support within the school.



how to start a GSA

Every school will have different policies on student led clubs, but these steps are universal.

Find a faculty advisor: Clubs need an adult in the room. Faculty advisors can also help communicate with administration.

Plan & communicate with administration:

Keep administrators in the loop. Make sure they have the name of your faculty advisor and your loose plan. Come up with days you want to meet (once a week, every other week, once a month)

Request a meeting place:

Some schools require rooms to be reserved ahead of time. Find a classroom that's comfortable and safe then ask to reserve it on your meeting days.

Advertise:

Let people know that the GSA exists. You could post bulletin announcements, make posters, send out emails, have a booth at a club fair, etc.

Hold the first meeting:

Use this time to establish community agreements/ground rules and get to know all the members. Find fun icebreaker games to play

GENDER &
SEXUALITY OF THE
MEMBERS DO NOT
MATTER. STRESS
THAT ALLIES ARE
WELCOME TOO!

THE GSA IS FOR EVERYONE! FORCING PEOPLE TO COME OUT IS NOT OKAY.

THINGS TO DO IN A GSA

educational activities



Some schools may ask that clubs be educational in some way. It is very helpful to have lesson plans or ideas. Below are some quick and easy topics to look into.

U.S. LGBTQ+ History

Lavender scare

- 1950s (same time as the red scare)
- Mass firings of suspected LGBTQ+ people who worked in the federal government

Resources: National Archive Foundation, National LGBTQ Chamber of Commerce, National Archives Pride Riots

Here are a few LGBTQ+ riots (before Stonewall)

- Cooper's Do-Nuts: Cooper's, USC Archives, The Pride LA
- Compton's Cafeteria Riot: NPR, The Rainbow Stories, LA Public Library
- The Patch: USC Archives, Queer Maps, PBS SoCal Stonewall Riots

Resources: Library of Congress, The Harvard Gazette, BBC

GLSEN Lesson Plans

Pre-written lessons that are super easy for GSAs! Beyond the Gender Binary Learning Empowerment and Self-Identification LGBTQ History Timeline

Part 1: Misgendering and Respect for Pronouns + Part 2: The Breakdown: Exploring Transphobia and Genderism

GSA Lesson Plans

Lesson plans straight
from the GSA Network!
GSAs and Educational
Justice
Dealing with Hostility &
Opposition
Pride & Protest: Safety
Tips for LGBTQ+ Youth
Transgender Day of
Remembrance
Back to School Queer
Survival Guide

Keep your eyes open for guides by the GSA
Network for special days
like GSA Day for Gender
Justice and GSA Day for
Racial Justice! New
materials come out every
year.

Zine Workshop: Keep Calm and Zine On

(this is my personal favorite)

- a zine (zeen) is a small DIY print work
- started in the Harlem Renaissance
 - o the first zine was called "Fire!!"
- zines can be about literally anything
 - o mostly used by small communities to share art, interests, or information

How to fold a zine: <u>tutorial by @brattyxbre</u>
Materials to have (that would be helpful):

- scissors
- pens, markers, pencils (encourage people to bring their own as well)
- magazines to collage with
- paper (regular printer paper and construction paper)

Have fun!

Ask your GSA members what they want to talk about. Give them in a say in the topics of the meeting discussions to keep engagement up.

fun events



GSAs can also be places for people to relax and have fun.

LGBTQ+ Movie & Show Watch Party

There are MANY LGBTQ+ movies and shows to watch with your GSA. You can also use these to lead educational discussions (or just have fun). Make sure you check ratings and get these films or shows approved by a faculty advisor.

- Love, Simon (PG-13) Crush (PG-13)
- The Half of It (PG-13)
- Moonlight (R)
- Boy Erased (R)
- Nimona (PG)

- Heartstopper (series)
- Pariah (R)
- But I'm a
 - Cheerleader (R)

GSA Book Club

LGBTQ+ books are everywhere. Check your local library system for ebooks (or physical copies). Extra points if you read LGBTQ+ banned books Here are some suggestions (check trigger warnings and ratings):

- We Are the Ants by Shaun David Hutcherson (YA)
- Icebreaker by A.L. Graziadei (YA)
- Lawn Boy by Jonathan Evison (YA)
- Loveless by Alice Oseman (YA)
- The Sunbearer Trials by Aiden Thomas (YA)
- Cemetery Boys by Aiden Thomas (YA)
- I Wish You All the Best by Mason Deaver (YA)
- Always the Almost by Edward Underhill (YA)
- The Passing Playbook by Isaac Fitzsimons (YA)
- · The Lesbiana's Guide to Catholic School by Sonora Reyes (YA)



- Detransition, Baby by Torrey Peters (Fiction)
- Giovanni's Room by James Baldwin (Fiction)
- The Color Purple by Alice Walker (Fiction)
- All Boys Aren't Blue (Memoir)
- No Country For Eight-Spot Butterflies by Julian Aguon (Memoir)
- On Earth We're Briefly Gorgeous by Ocean Vuong (Fiction)
- Oranges Are Not the Only Fruit by Jeanette Winterson (Fiction)
- OKPsyche by Anya Johanna DeNiro (Fiction)
- Young Mungo by Douglas Stuart (Fiction)
- Fellow Travelers by Thomas Mallon (Fiction)
- Fun Home by Alison Bechdel (Graphic novel & memoir)
- Transmogrify! edited by G. Haron Davis (anthology)

Drag Day

Learn about drag history (and maybe even have fun trying out drag makeup)

Game Night

Find some games everyone loves and play together! This could be used as a chill ice breaker as well.

community outreach

It's important that the school community is aware of the good the GSA is doing (IF that is the purpose of your GSA). If you want to work on a small safe space first and make good connections with the members, doing bigger events may not be the best idea.

Club Fair

It's the easiest way to get the name out there. Make a fun poster, have some activities, and food



Days of Celebration and Education

These days are a perfect opportunity to educate your school community and host activities. Some of these can be used for campaigns, workshops, and more.

September

- Bisexual Awareness Week
- National Banned Book Week

October

- · National Coming Out Day
- International Pronoun Day
- · GLAAD's Spirit Day
- Asexual Awareness Week
- Intersex Awareness Day

November

- GSA Day for Gender Justice
- Transgender Awareness Week
- · Transgender Day of Remembrance

December

- World AIDS Day
- Pansexual and Panromantic Pride Day

February

- GSA Day for Racial Justice
- Aromantic Awareness Week

March

- National Read Across America Day
- International Transgender Day of Visibility

April

- Day of (No) Silence
- National Youth HIV/AIDS Awareness Day
- · Lesbian Visibility Day

May

• Harvey Milk Day

June

• Stonewall Riots Anniversary











THANK YOU FOR READING!

messages from GSA members

" IT [THE GSA] SHOWED ME THAT THERE WERE PEOPLE WHO WERE LIKE ME AND DIFFERENT TO ME BUT WOULD BE WILLING TO ACCEPT ME ALL THE SAME"

– EDDIE R. NJ, '26

"I LOVE DOING FUN ACTIVITIES WITH MY GSA. DURING MY FIRST YEAR IN GSA, WE HAD A MOVIE NIGHT AND WE WATCHED NIMONA" "IT [THE GSA] MADE ME FEEL LIKE I HAD A PLACE TO FIT IN, LIKE I HAD PEOPLE THAT CARED ABOUT ME" -MORGAN

"I'VE MET A LOT OF NEW PEOPLE. MAKING FRIENDS AS A QUEER KID IS HARD AND HAVING A SPOT THAT IS DEDICATED TO THAT, BUT DOESN'T FORCE IT HAS HELPED A LOT"

"ALLYSHIP MEANS TO BE WILLING TO STAND UP FOR THE LGBTQ+ COMMUNITY EVEN WHEN THE MAJORITY OPINION IS NOT IN OUR FAVOR. WITH HOMOPHOBIA ON THE RISE IN THE US, IT IS ESPECIALLY IMPORTANT FOR ALLIES TO SPEAK OUT AND SHOW UP, EVEN IF THEIR NEIGHBORS/FRIENDS/FAMILY/PARTNER/ETC. HAS NEGATIVE VIEWS OF QUEER INDIVIDUALS"—KEV C, NJ, '25

"I'VE GOTTEN CLOSER WITH SOME
PEOPLE IN MY GSA AND HAVE BEGAN
TALKING TO THEM MORE OFTEN. I'M
NOT A VERY SOCIAL PERSON, NOR AM I
GOOD AT FINDING SIMILAR INTERESTS
OR TOPICS WITH OTHERS, SO
CONNECTING THROUGH HOW WE
IDENTIFY AND WHAT SIMILAR IDEAS WE
HAVE IS GREAT SOCIALLY"
-NICHOLAS L, '27

"I FELT WAY LESS ALONE AND MORE CONFIDENT IN MY IDENTITY"

-GABE B, '28

"IT [THE GSA] HELPED ME FELL BETTER ABOUT MY IDENTITY IN AN ENVIRONMENT THAT CONSTANTLY TEASED ME AND OTHERS FOR JUST EXISTING"

A FINAL NOTE

I started my school's first GSA in my junior year. I had a really hard time getting admin on board but eventually it all worked out. At my school, I experienced some teasing ("bullying" is too strong of a word) due to my identity and I knew that the other queer students probably had the same experience. There was no GSA or safe space for queer students (no student clubs at all) and I knew nobody

The number one issue for me was finding all of the right materials and figuring out how to run a safe space. I'd never been part of anything like a GSA so I was completely inexperienced.

would create a GSA for me. So I created it.

I'm about to graduate and I know that none of the underclassmen are available to take over the GSA. I wanted to leave my school with all the materials I've found so that another student can pick up where I left off.

I created a website for my school and this guide for NSC for people like me who have no clue what they're doing. I hope you found something valuable in this



zine.
-Gray N, HI, '25



REFERENCES

references and further reading for definitions

UC Davis LGBTQ+ Resource Center Glossary

Human Rights Campaign Glossary of Terms

PFLAG National Glossary